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list of the WEEKLY GAZETTE is  
large, and the reading public is  
more than getting their money's  
worth in an excellent paper and the  
three dollar book.

VOL. XXVIII.

MISCELLANEOUS



This powder never varies. A marsh  
purity, strength and wholesomeness. More  
economical than the ordinary kind, and  
cannot be sold in competition with the mul-  
titude of inferior weight, alum-  
phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL  
BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street,  
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CONSUMPTION,  
BRONCHITIS,  
SCROFULA,  
COUGH OR COLD,  
THROAT AFFECTION,

WASTING OF FLESH,

Or any Disease where the Throat and  
Lungs are Inflamed, Lack of Strength  
or Nerve Power, you can be relieved and  
cured by

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF  
Pure Cod Liver Oil  
With Hydrocepholite.

PALATABLE AS MILK.

Ask for Scott's Emulsion, and let  
no explanation or solicitation induce  
you to accept a substitute.

Sold by all Druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

Riverside Flour Mills.

FOR A SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF FLOUR  
ask for

RIVERSIDE.

If you want No. 1 Cornmeal ask for

RIVERSIDE,

For it is always fresh, as we make meal  
every week

OUR GRAHAM FLOUR

is very nice.

Rolled Barley and Other Mill Stuff

In lots to suit

Buckwheat Flour,  
Cracked wheat,  
Hominy,

Oat meal

Rolled Oats,  
Rye Flour

NO RETAIL.

Ask your Grocer for Riverside  
Flour and Meals.

COIN FOR GRAIN.

Riverside Mill Co.

C. NOVACOVICH, H. J. BERRY.

BERRY & NOVACOVICH,

DEALERS IN

FANCY GROCERIES

Green and Dried Fruits, Vegetables, Hardware, Crockery,

Wines, Liquors, Tobacco and Cigars.

ALL THE NOVELTIES IN FANCY

Groceries. No need to send away for

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Watchmaker,

— Importer of —

Jewelry, Watches, Diamond Work,

SILVERWARE, ETC.

422 J STREET, BET. FOURTH AND

FIFTH, SACRAMENTO, CAL.

Particular attention given to manufacturing

Jewelry, and repairing clock, watches

jewelry, etc. etc.

# Reno Evening Gazette.

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1890.

NO. 120.

\$2.20 In the price of "Our Patriotic American" and the "Weekly Gazette and Standard," where the book is sent by mail. All that is asked of old subscribers is a paid up subscription and a new name, accompanied with the cash.

E. C. NORTHROP—DRY GOODS.

## CONGRESSIONAL.

Large Fire Losses in  
Toledo, Ohio.

KILRAIN HAS THE RHEUMATISM.

Socialist Gains in the Late  
German Elections.

Some More Pacific Coast Post-  
masters.

Congressional Affairs.  
By Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Hoover of Minnesota proceeded to address the House on the World's Fair bills.

HILLS OF TEXAS made a speech objecting to the bill altogether as a matter with which the Government should have nothing to do. He would vote for St. Louis as the site, and, when that question was decided, would vote against the bill altogether.

MORSE OF MASSACHUSETTS announced that he would vote against the bill, because he thought Washington was the only site that could be selected as a compromise, and holding it in Washington would cost the Government several millions, which could be better expended for pensions, public buildings or postal telegraph.

PETERS OF KANSAS and O'NEIL of Pennsylvania spoke in opposition to the Fair.

SENATE.

The conference report on the bill to increase the pensions of totally disabled pensioners was presented by Davis, and was agreed to after an explanation to the effect that, under the act of 1880, it had been provided that the totally disabled pensioners then drawing \$50 a month should receive \$72; that the increase did not apply to those who were pensioned thereafter; that the bill, as it passed the Senate, was intended to correct that omission; that the House amended it so as to allow arrears of pensions in such cases; that the conference was on that point, and that the resolution was practically adopted on the Senate bill as originally passed, no arrears being allowed.

Among the bills reported and placed on the calendar was one providing for sea-coast defences and for the establishment of a gun factory for finishing and assembling heavy ordnance on the Pacific coast.

EDMONDS introduced a bill to reorganize the rank and pay of the navy.

REFERRED.

The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of the House bill to provide for town-site entries of lands in Oklahoma.

AFTER BEING DISCUSSED BY SENATORS BERRY, PLUMB, DOLPH AND VEST, THE BILL WENT OVER TILL MONDAY.

THE FOLLOWING BILLS WERE PASSED, INCREASING THE LIMIT OF THE COST FOR PUBLIC BUILDINGS: SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE SITE TO \$800,000; SACRAMENTO POSTOFFICE SITE TO \$300,000; PUBLIC BUILDING AT LOS ANGELES, \$350,000.

THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON COAST DEFENCES TO-DAY HEARD GENERAL MILES, WHO CONCLUDED HIS STATEMENT AS TO THE NECESSITY OF PROVIDING SUITABLE DEFENCES FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

AFTER HE RETIRED FROM THE COMMITTEE CHAIRMAN DOLPH REPORTED A BILL FOR THE SEA-COAST DEFENCES, APPROPRIATING \$12,300,000—\$215,000 AVAILABLE IN THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1891, \$1,000,000 FOR ELEVEN YEARS THEREAFTER, AND \$2,500,000 IN THE YEAR 1902—THE APPROPRIATION TO BE EXPENDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE BOARD OF OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE PRESIDENT, WHICH HAVE BEEN PUBLISHED.

THE BILL WAS ACCOMPANIED BY A RE-

PORT FROM THE BOARD OF ARMY ENGINEERS AT NEW YORK, RECOMMENDING THE PASSAGE OF THE ACT. AN ADVERSE REPORT WAS ORDERED BY THE COMMITTEE UPON SENATOR DOLPH'S BILL APPROPRIATING \$5,000,000 FOR THE DEFENSE OF PUGET SOUND PORTS, ITS SUBSTANCE HAVING BEEN ADDED TO THE BILL FAVORABLY REPORTED.

FAVORABLE ACTION WAS ALSO TAKEN BY THE COMMITTEE ON SENATOR STANFORD'S BILL AUTHORIZING THE APPOINTMENT OF TWO OFFICERS OF THE ARMY AND THREE OF THE NAVY TO EXAMINE AND REPORT THE MOST SUITABLE SITE FOR A GUN FACTORY ON THE PACIFIC COAST, AND APPROPRIATING \$1,000,000 TO BE EXPENDED IN THE PURCHASE OF THE SITE AND THE NECESSARY PLANT. IN A REPORT FROM GENERAL BENNETT, CHIEF OF ORDNANCE, ACCOMPANYING THE BILL, HE SAYS THE DEPARTMENT FAVORS GIVING OUT A PART OF THE WORK OF FURNISHING AND ASSEMBLING THE GUNS BY CONTRACT. AN ORDER TO JUSTIFY THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A GUN FACTORY ON THE PACIFIC COAST WOULD SEEM IMMINENT. HE SAYS THE STEEL FOR FORGING THE GUNS SHOULD ALSO BE PRODUCED THERE. THE PROGRESS OF THE IRON AND STEEL INDUSTRY IN THAT SECTION HAS BEEN SERIOUSLY HINDERED BY A LACK OF SUITABLE COAL.

EVEN ORDINARY COAL FOR FUEL, GENERAL BENNETT SAYS, IS LARGELY IMPORTED FROM COLORADO.

A SOCIALIST INCREASE.  
BY CABLE AND ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

BERLIN, Feb. 21.—THE RETURNS OF THE ELECTION THUS FAR SHOW THE ELECTION OF FIVE CONSERVATIVES, TWO IMPERIALISTS, EIGHTEEN CENTROISTS, TWO LIBERALISTS, EIGHTEEN SOCIALISTS, ONE NATIONAL LIBERAL, TWO POLES AND TWO ALSATIANS. IN SEVENTY-SIX OTHER DISTRICTS SECOND BALLOTS ARE NECESSARY. COMPARED WITH THE PRECEDING ELECTIONS, THE SOCIALIST VOTE IN BERLIN SHOWS AN INCREASE OF 33,000, THE LIBERAL VOTE INCREASE 8,000, AND THE CONSERVATIVE VOTE DECREASE 35,000. TWO SOCIALISTS WERE ELECTED IN THIS CITY. IN THREE DISTRICTS A SECOND BALLOT WAS NECESSARY. THE SOCIALISTS CARRIED HADGEBURG, ALTONA, HAMBURG, DRESDEN AND LEIPZIG DISTRICTS, CHEMNITZ, Zwickau, NUREMBERG, MITTEWEIDA, SCHNEIDER AND ELBERFIELD.

KILRAIN FAILING.  
BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—JAKE KILRAIN IS ABOUT TO REST TEMPORARILY. HE HAS BEEN ON THE DOWN GRADE FOR SOME TIME, AND HAS RECOGNIZED THE FACT THAT IT WILL BE WISE TO ACCEPT THE ADVICE OF MULDOON AND OTHERS. RHEUMATISM OR SOMETHING ELSE HAS BEEN GRADUALLY GETTING THE BEST OF HIM; HE CAN HARDLY CLOSE UP HIS HANDS, HIS RIGHT SHOULDER IS LAME AND HIS LEGS ARE VERY SORE. IT HAS BEEN DECIDED THAT HE WILL GO TO THE HOT SPRINGS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE, AND REMAIN THERE FOR FIVE WEEKS.

A FEW MORE POSTMASTERS.  
BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—THE PRESIDENT SENT THE FOLLOWING NOMINATIONS OF POSTMASTERS TO THE SENATE: IN OREGON, MISS JESSIE G. BAKER AT LANGRANGE; CALIFORNIA, FREDERICK AXE AT EUREKA; MORGAN H. BAILHACHE AT MARTINEZ; AND WILLIAM S. VAWTER AT SANTA MONICA.

BANK STATEMENT.  
BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—THE WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT SHOWS A RESERVE DECREASE OF \$3,796,000 AND A SPECIE DECREASE OF \$3,000,000. THE BANKS NOW HOLD \$3,700,000 IN EXCESS OF THE RULE.

HEAVY FIRE LOSSES.  
BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

TOLEDO, OHIO, Feb. 21.—E. P. BREAKINRIDGE & CO., DEALERS IN TINWARE, AND SMITH & HALDEMAN, ELEVATOR MANUFACTURERS, WERE BURNED OUT THIS MORNING. LOSS, \$135,000.

THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON COAST DEFENCES TO-DAY HEARD GENERAL MILES, WHO CONCLUDED HIS STATEMENT AS TO THE NECESSITY OF PROVIDING SUITABLE DEFENCES FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

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A BAD WAY TO CELEBRATE.  
BY CABLE AND ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

BERLIN, Feb. 21.—A SERIOUS RIOT OCCURRED IN THE STREETS LAST NIGHT. THE PARADE OF THE SOCIALISTS, BENT ON CELEBRATING THEIR SPLENDID VICTORY, COLLIDED WITH A BODY OF POLICEMEN. A MOUNTED OFFICER WAS DRAGGED FROM HIS HORSE AND TERRIBLY BEATEN. BOTH OF HIS LEGS WERE BROKEN. HE WAS CARRIED INTO A POLICE STATION IN BLUMEN STRASSE, WHICH WAS SUBSEQUENTLY DEMOLISHED BY THE MOB.

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## Reno Evening Gazette

UBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY.  
A. C. BRAGG. A. O. PORTER.  
**BRAGG & PORTER, Proprietors.**  
RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:  
Daily, one year (by mail) ..... \$6.00  
Weekly, one year (by mail) ..... 2.00  
Daily, one year (to be carried to any part of  
Reno) (per week) ..... 25  
RATES OF ADVERTISING.  
Daily, one square for one month ..... \$2.50  
Weekly, one square for one month ..... 25  
Friday ..... February 21, 1890

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

### Nevada and Railroads.

It is hoped that the Pacific railroad funding bill will become a law. By it the Government will eventually recover all the money it advanced for the building of the roads; the payments will come in a form which will not be a great burden for the companies to meet, and moreover, it will not be necessary for the companies to exact exorbitant charges from the people, who are the ones after all who will have the debts to pay. We notice, says the Salt Lake Tribune, that the Senate committee, among other things, finds that "the portion of the road from Ogden to the westerly slope of the Sierras is practically only a bridge, without any local business of any amount and that the roads reaching from the main line into Nevada do not pay actual expenses."

We suspect the same might be truthfully said of four-fifths of the railroads in the United States, that they do not pay expenses through the traffic they pick up from station to station. As to the Nevada branches of the Central Pacific: One runs 80 miles to Eureka and has paid back its original cost four or five times. One runs from Battle Mountain to Austin. It cost much more than it should and did not reach Austin until that district was pretty well worked out. The other road from Reno south has paid for itself over and over again. The extension of the road into Esmeralda county probably does not pay, for it has one end in the air. But this much we know. Had the Central Pacific upon making connection with the Union Pacific run cheap branches north and south and lowered charges to rates which would have left a little margin to men who worked, the population of Nevada would to-day have been double what it is and the road would not have had rolling stock to meet the demands of trade. Nevada is about the richest mining country in the world, and convenient and cheap transportation will demonstrate the fact.

GEORGE KENNAN was interviewed by a Chicago reporter the other day on the recent outrage committed in a Siberian prison, and said:

"Of Mme. Sisina, the principal victim in the tragedy, I know little, as she was sent from St. Petersburg to the mines of Kora after I left Russia, in 1886. I believe, however, that she was sentenced to a long term of imprisonment in the early part of 1887. It seems appalling to think that this poor creature was deliberately flogged to death, though it could take, perhaps, but a moment's infliction of pain, especially in the case of this feeble and doubtless-falling woman. The hardest, and strongest men will sink beyond the possibility of recovery under such torture, and you can imagine the effect of such a barbarous punishment when inflicted on a delicately natured and sickly woman."

No other book published does this.

### TESTIMONIALS:

Having examined the advance sheets of the work entitled "Our Family Physician," I can say that it is accurate in its descriptions of disease, and in its therapeutic department.

H. F. COOK, M. D., Professor of Theory and Practice, Hallemann Medical College.

I have examined the advance sheets of the work entitled "Our Family Physician," and find it to be correct in its statements, and in my opinion, worthy of the confidence of the public. H. S. HANN, M. D.

Professor of the Burnett Medical College.

After examining the publication "Our Family Physician" I can fully endorse the opinions expressed of its merits, and in my opinion, worthy of the confidence of the public. H. S. HANN, M. D.

I hereby certify that I have examined a work entitled "Our Family Physician," and find it to be correct in its statements, and in my opinion, worthy of the confidence of the public. H. S. HANN, M. D.

This book contains a valuable collection of symptoms, which will aid wonderfully in diagnosing diseases, and the proper remedy is given for Allopathic, Homoeopathic, Eclectic, Hydropathic and Herbal treatments.

We have a number of the books on hand, and we invite inspection.

It is customary with newspapers to give premiums to their subscribers, but the publication of the WEEKLY GAZETTE means to revise this rule; they intend to do as well as to sit by their old subscribers. They will have a copy of the paper in years past, and paid their money for it right along. We propose to show our appreciation of their continued patronage in a special manner; and as the premium to be offered is expensive, and as our express object in offering it is to induce them to remain with us, we will ask every old subscriber who may renew his subscription, thus receiving the valuable premium, to send in a copy of the paper, and aid us in securing at least ONE new subscriber. Come, and bring me one new name and get a book that will be of incalculable value to you.

The new subscriber also gets a book.

If the book is to be sent out of this office, 20 cents must accompany order to pay postage.

Address

DR. RICHARD'S GOLDEN REMEDIES  
FAIL TO CURE.

No remedy, no restriction of diet. Circuitous, circuitous, circuitous.

Address DR. D. R. RICHARDS, No. 289 Varick street, New York.

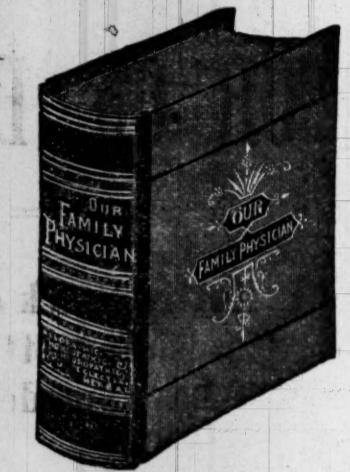
mchadw



### KEEP TO THE RIGHT.

Whatever may be the arguments pro and con on the liquor question, actions like this can never be countenanced by law-abiding people. Pure fanaticism generally runs its course soon, and the very people who are now so zealous in pouring whisky into the streets, may be the ones who a month hence will be treating their friends to a social glass. The reaction is ordinarily worse than the campaign itself.

### These Are the Books



### We Are Giving Away.

This book contains 480 pages; is eight and one-half inches long, six inches wide and two inches thick. It is printed on extra heavy paper and is handsomely bound, with embossed cover and gilt-lettered back.

It is different from all other works ever published.

First—It teaches those who have it how to tell what the matter is when a person gets sick.

All similar books tell what to do if you know what the disease is. This book tells you HOW TO DETECT THE DISEASE, and then what to do for it.

No other book published does this.

Second—When a person is really attacked by a dangerous disease, it enables you to know the fact, and in such cases its advice is: "Send for a competent physician at once." But in all ordinary cases, such as can be easily cured, it gives full directions for treatment.

Third—It is not confined to the practice used by any one class of physicians; but, as it gives, separately, and for each disease, the methods used by each of the different schools of medicine, and in ALL CASES the PRESCRIPTIONS ARE MADE by the MOST EMINENT MEN in their respective modes of practice. This makes the work specially suited to the needs of every family, no matter what medical school they prefer.

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## Reno Evening Gazette

Friday..... February 21, 1890

### TIME TABLES.

ARRIVE.	TRAIN	C. P.	LEAVE
7:15 a. m....	No. 1, Eastbound	Ex. ....	7:45 a. m.
10:05 a. m....	No. 2, S. F. Express	Ex. ....	10:20 a. m.
9:20 a. m....	No. 2, Westbound	Ex. ....	9:30 a. m.
8:35 p. m....	No. 4, Westbound	Ex. ....	10:05 p. m.
V. & T.			
9:00 p. m....	No. 1, Virginia Ex.	....	10:20 a. m.
	No. 2, S. F. Express	....	
	No. 3, Local Passeng.	....	11:40 a. m.
N. & C.			
6:00 p. m....	Express and Freight.	....	7:45 a. m.

### Time of Arrival and Departure of Mails at Reno.

MAIL FOR	CLOUSES	ARRIVES	MAIL FOR	CLOUSES	ARRIVES
	A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.
San Francisco and Sacramento (West of Truckee and Oregon, Wash., Tex., Cal.)	8:00	10:00			
Truckee, Nev. and Lake Tahoe	6:45	8:00	Eastern New and States	9:30	10:00
Virginia, Carson and Alpine	9:30	10:00	Broad & Sacramento	9:30	9:00
Mono, Inyo, and Alpine counties, Cal.	9:30	....	Buffalo Meadows (every Tuesday)	7:30	....
Sundance, Cedarcreek, Quinn's and Carson No. 1	9:30	....	Douglas, Lyon, Esmeralda & Nye counties, Nev.	9:30	....

### NOTTINGS.

Canned lobsters, sardines and oysters; also fresh oysters, butter, eggs, cheese and lard at E. C. Leadbetter's.

For your violin, guitar and banjo strings, and all the latest in sheet music, patronize C. J. Brookins' variety store.

For a hot soup lunch and a glass of either Pacific or Fredericksburg beer, patronize George Becker's Granite saloon.

J. N. Wallace's increasing grocery trade is due to the fact that he keeps nothing but the best and is satisfied with a reasonable profit.

Patronize C. L. Lemerly's Arcade Hotel and restaurant for a room, a good bed and the best menu to be had on the line of the Central Pacific.

The Riverside Hotel is where you will never fail to obtain a nice room, an excellent bed and the best meal ever sat down to in the State.

Richard Herz's Virginia street store is where you can see the finest stock of watches and jewelry ever seen in the State. Repairing done at living rates.

J. J. Becker's Chicago saloon is where you can find a daily hot lunch, served in regular restaurant style, which with a big glass of beer costs only 12½ cents.

J. F. Aitken's heavy dray teams are still kept busy supplying all comers with either limb or split wood, and besides he is selling the best hard coal at \$12 50 per ton.

C. A. Thurston's news depot is where you can always find all styles of book books and the choicest selections of miscellaneous works, either in single volumes or in complete sets.

### The Best Hog for Pork.

An authority on matters pertaining to the "swinish multitude" makes the sensible declaration that it is not the large hog that pays best, but the one which will make the largest quantity of pork in the shortest time and on the smallest amount of food. If a pig comes in during April he has nine months during which to grow by the end of the year. If he is well bred, and from a good stock of pigs, he will easily be made to weigh 250 pounds during the nine months of his life. There is more profit in "pig pork" than that from old and elephantine animals.

### Take Care! There is Danger.

In allowing inactivity of the kidneys to grow through neglect, The deadly shoals of Bright's disease and diabetes will wreck the goodly bark of health if it is allowed to drift undisturbed upon them. The bladder, too, is a weak and jaded instrument and does not speedily direct the heart toward the port of safety, will be whelmed by the quicksand of disease. In selecting a diuretic, let the choice fall upon Postlethwait's Stomach Bitters, with stimulants, animal organs without irritating and exciting them, and stimulate largely resort to.

These have a tendency to react prejudicially. The Bitter is a safe, strong and bladder, in common with the nerves and the digestive organs, and so afford lasting aid. It also affords an assistance in preventing the curious intermission of intermittent fever. Biliousness and constipation and rheumatism it also subjugates.

### Reno Encampment, I. O. O. F.

Public Installation.—The officers and members of Truckee Lodge No. 14, Reno Lodge No. 19 and Nevada Rebekah Degree Lodge No. 7, I. O. O. F., are cordially invited to attend a public installation of Reno Encampment No. 5, on Monday evening, February 24, 1890. By order John Horn, Chief Patriarch.

### Merit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Dr. King's New Life Pill, Bucklin Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merit. Wm. Pinniger's Drug-gist.

### A Safe Investment.

One which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this same plan you can buy from our advertised druggists a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of Throat, Lungs or Chest, such as Consumption, Inflammation of Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping cough, croup, and etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be obtained in the market.

### Cattle Dying.

The *Tuscarora Times* of the 18th instant says: Seth Roseberry arrived from Cornucopia last evening. He says the cattle on the river are dying off fast. The carcasses are thick in the willows and the animals that are living are so poor and weak that they are scarcely able to stand, much less to rustle around for food.

### A NOVEL SCHEME.

#### Milk To Be Transported One Hundred Miles Per Hour.

When it was stated some weeks since in the newspapers that the building of a pine pipe line from a point in New York State to New York City was projected, there was a rather general smile, and the matter was treated as a joke. The projectors were, however, it seems, in sober earnest. A company with a capital of \$500,000 has, it is announced, been formed at Middletown, N. Y., for the purpose of constructing such a line. The proposed method of forwarding the milk is in cylindrical tin cans surrounded and propelled by water, and the promoters of the scheme assert that the time of transportation for a distance of 100 miles will not exceed an hour, while the profit will be about one cent a gallon. *Fire and Water* thinks if this sort of thing goes on, we need not be surprised to find New York the converging point not only of oil, natural gas, and milk pipe lines, but of whisky ducts from the blue grass regions, and beer ducts from Cincinnati, St. Louis and Milwaukee. The pipe manufacturers may well feel cheerful at the prospect before them.

### SECRET SOCIETIES.

#### Total Membership of Those in the United States.

The total number of Free and Accepted Masons in the world is estimated at above 4,000,000, of which 700,000 belong to lodges in the United States and Territories. The number of Odd Fellows in the United States is estimated at 504,000; Grand Army of the Republic, 375,245; Knights of Labor, 297,488; Knights of Pythias, 220,000; Ancient Order of United Workmen, 211,570; Good Templars, 100,000; Daughters of Rebekah, 45,000; with a mere membership in that degree of 39,176; Order of Chosen Friends, 37,000; B'nai B'rith, 27,000. The total membership of all the secret orders in the United States is estimated at 3,500,000.

### PERSONAL.

Judge Rives of Eureka came down from Carson last evening on his way home.

John Sparks returned from San Francisco on last evening's delayed express.

W. R. Chamberlain of the Riverside Hotel returned from San Francisco last night.

F. H. Lindsay, a cattle man from Honey lake, is in town looking over the situation.

Geo. Baker, J. L. Wines and J. W. Dorsey left on this afternoon's west-bound express on their way to San Francisco.

### CONSOLIDATING ITS BUSINESS.

The Huntington-Hopkins Company of Sacramento on Saturday last discharged a number of its employees from the house in that city. It is understood that the firm has decided to transfer to the San Francisco house all its wholesale business, but to maintain the Sacramento house as a retailing establishment.

The firm commenced business there in 1849, and has been one of the most prosperous on the coast. The San Francisco house was opened some years ago as a branch of the parent house, and now absorbs the latter.

### Heavy Loss of Sheep.

The *Central Nevadan* says: George Watt's losses in sheep have been very heavy, more so than at first reported. Immediately after the storm Mr. Watt thought the reports from the men in charge of his sheep were exaggerated. One of his Chinese sheep-herders reported to Mr. Watt recently that if it continued cold much longer he (Mr. Watt) would have to go out of the sheep business.

### A Nevada Girl's Engagement.

The San Francisco Chronicle of the 17th inst. contains the following: The engagement is announced of Miss Nettie M. Winters, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Winters of Washoe, Nevada, to J. M. Gregory of the firm of J. M. Gregory & Co., grain and commission merchants of this city. The wedding will take place in a few weeks.

### BREVITIES.

#### Local and General Intelligence.

Shoveling snow is a pleasant pastime.

It is about time for another "Cheer."

These are times that try men's souls.

Judge Bigelow is steadily gaining strength.

Who will the Republicans nominate for Sheriff this fall?

Jim Townsend is said to be buried under forty feet of snow at Lundy.

The public schools are all doing good work at this time.

The snow is fifty feet in depth at Meadow Lake, Nevada county.

The University is flourishing under the direction of President Jones.

Alturas, Modoc county, has been flooded, but no great damage was done.

The *Tuscarora Times* calls the national game of the Pilotes "progressive poker."

The small boy is out in the storm throwing "soakers" at the traveling public.

It is said that Uncle Jake McKissick's loss in sheep will amount to 3,000 head.

There is not much doing in the channel of commerce. The storm accounts for it.

George Cassidy is said to be the Democratic candidate for the United States Senate.

Yesterday when the N.C.O. train left Liegan there were eight inches of snow on that point.

Who is the most available man for Senator at the next election in the Republican ranks?

The Chief Justice of Montana decides that all salaries provided for by the Constitution must be paid.

"Anything new from the West?" is the question that takes the place of "What does Stubbs say?" nowadays.

The *Gazette* has been placed under obligations to Professor C. W. Friend for a copy of his weather report for January.

The Alta, Cal., irrigation district purchased the Seventy-six canal system of Traver for \$400,000 in bonds of the district.

The secret societies of Tuscarora are talking of erecting a spacious two-story building, the upper part of which is to be used as a Lodge room.

The Salvation Army at Santa Rosa, Cal., has had such good success that they intend erecting a church and fixing up permanent headquarters.

The Executive Committee appointed by the Sacramento-river Convention has decided to send a delegation of five to Washington to secure river legislation.

Calvin E. Silver, formerly well known in California and Nevada as a mining man, committed suicide at Peach Springs, A. T., a week ago last Wednesday.

For all the best brands of both smoking and chewing tobacco and the best imported and American cigars patronize Marcus Fredrick's Commercial Royal stand.

The Supervisors of Sonoma county, Cal., are the recipients of much condemnation on account of the lavish expenditure of the county funds in the erection of a jail and the building of a bridge.

Dyspepsia, indigestion, sick headache, and that tired feeling are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which tones the stomach, pronounces health and digestion, creates an appetite, cures sick headache and builds up the whole system. Sold by all druggists 100 doses.

### Compled to Join.

The Deer Lodge (Mont.) *New Northwest* of a late date says: The Miners' Union at Phillipsburg issued a decree, Thursday of last week, that if continued cold much longer he (Mr. Watt) would have to go out of the sheep business.

### A Suspended Rule.

President Harrison was asked to suspend the Civil Service rule which prevents a letter-carrier being restored to the list unless done within a year from his dismissal. The object was to allow the men dismissed by Postmaster Harry of Philadelphia to be re-appointed. He decided to suspend the rule.

### The Caucus Plan.

The caucus plan of choosing Postmaster is gradually acquiring quite a substantial foothold. Congressman Kennedy of Ohio has directed that caucuses of Republican voters be held at three points in his district, where a multiplicity of Postmastership candidates threatens embarrassment.

### Verdi Masquerade Ball.

George Watt's losses in sheep have been very heavy, more so than at first reported. Immediately after the storm Mr. Watt thought the reports from the men in charge of his sheep were exaggerated. One of his Chinese sheep-herders reported to Mr. Watt recently that if it continued cold much longer he (Mr. Watt) would have to go out of the sheep business.

### What kind of a hand have you got?

"What kind of a hand have you got?" responded the absent-minded clergyman.

### A Sure Crop.

The date palm is successfully cultivated in Hillsborough county, Fla. The trees come into bearing in six years, and one cultivator has trees which bring him in from \$5 to \$15 each. They produce good crops every year, without regard to the weather.

### European Beet Sugar Crop.

Germany last year produced 1,220,000 tons of beet sugar, leading all other nations in that industry. The total production of all European countries was 3,445,000, an increase of nearly 1,000,000 tons over the year 1888.

### Asian Cotton.

This year's import of cotton from Central Asia over the new Trans-Caspian Railroad is estimated to amount to more than 61,000,000 pounds, and much of that is cotton raised in the Russian dominions of Central Asia.

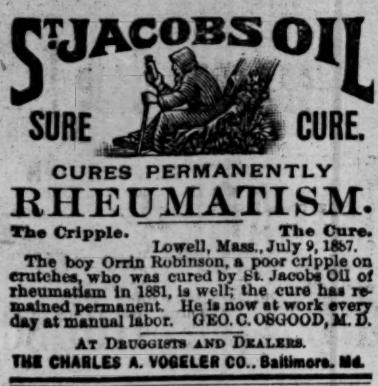
### London Skating Rink.

Olympia, the London building where Barnum has been showing, has been leased by a number of Americans, who will turn it into a skating-rink after he leaves.

### A Favored Locality.

A man who arrived here yesterday from Louis Dean's Deep Hole

## MISCELLANEOUS.



## A NOTABLE CRACKSMAN.

One Leaf from the Memoirs of Billy Porter, Bank Burglar.

The Anglo-Saxon race produces all the eminent burglars. The daring of American burglars and of their brethren in the allied profession of train-robbing has a world-wide fame. Englishmen, in their slow, conservative way, show but little less ability, though perhaps less brilliancy. Whenever on the continent mail bags are stolen, banks or great jewelers robbed, Englishmen do the work. The famous robbery of French mails which took place about a year ago was a joint effort of Englishmen and Americans.

In many cases these artists are Anglo-Americans. Every now and then a theft, usually successful, is made of postal packages passing between the diamond merchants of Hatton garden, London, and the diamond cutters of Amsterdam. Dutchmen are the losers by the theft, and some Dutchmen doubtless profit by it, but Englishmen carry out the effective part of the work. The conclusion to be drawn from all this is that only members of the great, world-enveloping, Anglo-Saxon race possess the resourceful courage required in method of gaining wealth.

Probably the most perfect type of the modern burglar is Billy Porter, who has been engaged in bank-robbing in every part of this country. He has several other names of course. His American record is too well known to need repeating. He made a very interesting appearance in London some time ago, however, about which people may not have read so much. Billy and an accomplice entered the premises of a rich jeweler at Munich, and carefully secured all the stones and jewels of unusual size and value. What they took was worth \$80,000 marks at the lowest estimate. Entrance to the jeweler's premises was effected in the most ingenious manner, and the thoughtful burglars left ropes, displaced flooring, etc., just as they used them, so as to provide an invaluable object-lesson for any of the German youth who might wish to emulate them. Then they calmly traveled back to England in first-class carriages and berths. The English detectives succeeded in tracing them and found Porter living with his wife, baby and mother-in-law in a nice house in a quiet suburb of London. They found the booty there, too. Porter and his accomplice were accordingly taken to the Bow street police court and their extradition to Germany demanded.

Porter is a typical gentlemanly burglar of melo-rama, only a little less flashy. He came into court dressed in black cutaway coat, trousers of dark material, patent-leather boots and a dark red scarf. His chin was shaven, and he wore a carefully-trimmed mustache. He carried a silk hat in his right hand and a pair of gloves in his left. Although he was repeatedly remanded from week to week, and passed the intervals in prison, he always came into court with the hat and gloves. He is short, rosy-faced and of medium height, and he looked like an everyday middle-class Englishman.

He answered questions in a quiet, unconcerned manner, never growing angry or excited. When the various implements of burglary were held up to view he smiled sweetly.

The case ended in Porter's discharge because he was a British subject, and the British Government does not extradite its own subjects for burglary. Porter was born in Canada. The jeweler got his stock back, which was lucky for him.—N. Y. Evening Sun.

## SUSPENSION BRIDGES.

How an Edinburgh Professor Illustrated Their Utility.

For centuries suspension bridges have been built, sometimes of chains, sometimes of ropes; these latter often made from the bark of trees; although iron suspensions are of comparatively recent times. One of the highest engineering authorities of the United States thus briefly states that "the economy of metal in a suspension bridge, under the average circumstances of its attainable depth, is from one-fourth to one-half of that in a tubular or simple girder-bridge of equal strength and rigidity." The simple rope bridges in Peru and in Central Asia are merely two ropes hung side by side across some space sought to be spanned; then a kind of platform is laid on these ropes, and the inverted V or dip is such that man or beast may cross. The suspension bridge, as we have it, is composed of two or more chains, and from these chains a level platform is hung by suspension rods; the chains are generally secured to either side of the chasm crossed by what is known as an anchorage, by passing over piers. The chains used to construct these suspension bridges are wire ropes or chains composed of links. As already intimated, the cost of the suspension bridge is much less than that of many other kinds of large bridges, because of the amount of material required. The late Prof Jenkins of the University of Edinburgh, thus clearly illustrates this: A man might cross a chasm of 100 feet hanging to a steel wire 0.21 inches in diameter dipping 10 feet; the weight of the wire would be 12.75 pounds. A wrought-iron beam of rectangular section, three times as deep as it is broad, would have to be about 37 inches deep and 9 inches broad to carry him and its own weight. It would weigh 87,500 pounds. Trains do not as a rule cross suspension bridges at a high rate of speed, and unless otherwise strongly fastened so as to overcome lateral and other oscillation, the dangers are considerable. Engineers have, however, so thoroughly studied these and all other matters in connection with bridge-building that these great structures are now made with a view of meeting all such strains and contingencies. Some of the best-known suspension bridges in the world have been the Brooklyn bridge, the bridge over the Ohio at Cincinnati, the Suspension at Niagara, the chain suspension at Menai Strait, at Fribourg, Switzerland, and at Pesth over the Danube—Chicago Inter Ocean.

## Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL persons having any claim or claims against the estate of Alexander McIntosh, deceased, to present the same to the Executor of said estate, at the office of Webster & Hoyt, in the county of Washoe, State of Nevada, for allowance, together with the proper proofs, to the administrator, at the office of W. Webster, at Reno, in the month of January, 1879, within five months from the date of first publication of this notice. All claims and demands not presented for allowance within the time above stated will be forever barred.

Dated this January 9, 1879.  
and JAMES GRANT, Executor.

## Notice of Dissolution.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership heretofore existing between K. S. Osburn and J. S. Shoemaker has been dissolved by mutual agreement, K. S. Osburn retaining the business and the party being authorized to make collections of outstanding bills. Business will be conducted at the old store under the firm name of J. S. Shoemaker & Co., at Reno, Nev.

R. S. OSBURN,  
J. S. SHOEMAKER.

## CONCERNING OLD AGE.

Statistics Based on Investigations of the British Medical Association.

The Anglo-Saxon race produces all the eminent burglars. The daring of American burglars and of their brethren in the allied profession of train-robbing has a world-wide fame. Englishmen, in their slow, conservative way, show but little less ability, though perhaps less brilliancy. Whenever on the continent mail bags are stolen, banks or great jewelers robbed, Englishmen do the work. The famous robbery of French mails which took place about a year ago was a joint effort of Englishmen and

Frenchmen as well as the Germans.

Near-sightedness is outrunning the French people as much as the Germans. Among the senior boys in the different French colleges more than forty per cent are near-sighted.

## OF GENERAL INTEREST.

A Hope (Me.) physician has lived for eighty years on a strict bread-and-milk diet, never having occasion to try his own prescriptions.

A farmer of Templeton, San Luis Obispo County, Cal., pulled a beet the other day that weighed one hundred and fifty-four pounds. It was seven feet long.

About A. D. 745 books were first bound up into leaves, and two hundred years after they were multiplied by printing. The Chinese furnish books to each other for next to nothing.

It is well-known that whales can remain a long time under water, but exact data as to the time have been rather lacking. In his northern travels Dr. Kuckenthal, of Jena, recently observed that a harpooned white whale continued under water forty-five minutes.

Recent observations of the waters of Great Salt lake prove conclusively that the statements made that no form of animal or plant life exists in the lake are erroneous. No fish or other large form of animal life has been discovered, but the presence of vegetable organisms in the lake may be considered a fact from the abundance of animal existences.

The testimony of medical experts has lately been discredited in England by reason of the diametrical views taken by distinguished physicians and surgeons when testifying in murder trials. It is said that "one point only is determined by this evidence, and that is that the physicians have no clearly defined and fixed scientific basis on which to found their opinions."

In Bowling Green, Ky., there is a very sagacious dog. The other morning a horse was left standing hitched to a buggy, and while its owner was in an adjacent place of business the animal took fright and ran away. He was going at a breakneck speed, when the dog saw him, jumped the fence, headed the horse, grabbed the line in his mouth and held him fast until the owner of the beast came up and relieved him.

Out of 40, 37 did not take snuff. As to sleep, out of 40 32 were good sleepers, 5 bad and 7 moderate.

From 35 returns 24 had no teeth, and

from 38 returns 4 had artificial teeth; yet in men about 80 the average number of teeth is only 6 and in women 3.

In 12 returns the average age when married among the males was 23, and the females 25; the average number of children is, from the returns received, 6-7. —Pall Mall Gazette.

## SYMPTOMS OF ECZEMA.

A Disagreeable Disease Due to Constitutional Debility.

Eczema—acne on the first syllable—is one of the many eruptive diseases of the skin. The blood-vessels of the parts affected are in a state of congestion, accompanied by itching, smarting and exudation of serum, or watery portion of the blood. The disease varies greatly in severity and extent, as well as in its course and character.

It is a little singular, with all our mutual benefit societies, that a mutual dowry society was never established. Imagine the effect upon the matrimonial market of a thousand young women devoting ten cents a week a fixed percentage to be given to those who are married within the year. The anxious and aimless could not then become a drug in the market. Something of this kind is in vogue in Europe, where it is stipulated that a beneficiary must have been a member of the society for five years before reaping a dot.

In Algeria every girl born of native parents is tattooed on her forehead between the eyebrows and just at the root of the nose with a cross formed of several straight lines of small stars running close together. These tattoo mark are a dark blue color. Algerian women are also considerably tattooed on the backs of their hands, their forearms and chests, as well as on their shoulders, their wrists being especially adorned with drawings representing bracelets and flowers strung together. As a rule women are the operators, and it is principally on children between the ages of seven and eight that they have to exercise their art. They use sometimes a needle, but more frequently a Barbary fig-tree thorn. They employ kohl as a coloring substance. It is a kind of fine powder made from sulphur of antimony, which is also in great request by the Algerian women for the purpose of face-painting.

ANTIQUEITY OF DOLLS.

An Exquisite Little Image Carved in Oak Found in a Roman Coffin.

The final period of eczema, when chronic, may be characterized by a coming off of the cuticle in thin, fine scales, or by a tendency of the skin to chap and crack; sometimes the mere stretching of the fingers will cause it to break.

In some cases the skin becomes as hard and tough as leather, with an inclination to itch and throw off dry and scaly scurf; more rarely it is rough like an old wart, in which case the itching is generally very severe.

As a rule, the eczema occurs in limited patches, but occasionally it spreads over a large part of the trunk or limb. There is hardly any part of the body which it may not attack. It is not contagious.

The disease may result from a condition of the body—from constitutional debility, or temporary derangement of the nervous or digestive organs, or even from unsuitable or insufficient food—or it may have an external exciting cause—cold or heat in excess, insufficient clothing, or garments that irritate the skin.

The treatment must be first directed against that which causes the condition of which the eczema is only a symptom. At the same time local treatment will be necessary. But no general direction can be given suited to so variable a disease. A skilled physician should have charge of the case.—Youth's Companion.

## Origin of the Word "Chestnut."

Mr. Joseph Jefferson some time ago gave this as the origin of the word "Chestnut." "In an old melodrama by William Dillon, called 'The Broken Sword,' are two parts—Count Xavier and his servant Pablo. The Count is a sort of Munchausen, fond of telling stories of his exploits. He tells one: 'Once I entered the forests of Colloway when suddenly from the boughs of a cork tree—'Chestnut, Count,' interrupted Pablo. 'Cork tree,' said the Count. 'Chestnut,' reiterated Pablo: 'I should know as well as you, for I have heard you tell the story twenty-seven times.' The late William Warren, who had played Pablo often, was at a man's dinner once, when a gentleman told a story whose age and originality were far beyond any doubt. 'Chestnut,' murmured Warren: 'I should know as well as you, for I have heard you tell it twenty-seven times.' The guest took up the expression, and from that," says Mr. Jefferson, "I believe the expression really comes." —N. Y. Sun.

*Mycosis in France.*  
Near-sightedness is outrunning the French people as much as the Germans. Among the senior boys in the different French colleges more than forty per cent are near-sighted.

## THE WEEKLY GAZETTE AND STOCKMAN.

## OUR NEW DEPARTURE!

## FIFTY CENTS PER WEEK.

All classes of legitimate advertisements, not exceeding six lines, inserted in this column for fifty cents per week.

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A HOUSE OF FOUR ROOMS ON RAIL-STON STREET, between Fourth and Fifth. Good well, barn, outbuildings, and shade trees. Inquire of Mrs. Hugh McNamee on premises.

We will Put Up or Shut Up.  
WE WILL GIVE TO ANY ONE ALL THE MONEY THEY CAN GET FOR ANYTHING THEY WANT TO COME, IF THEY CAN PAY AS LARGE A MONEY OR AS GOOD A QUALITY IN ANY OTHER STORE IN TOWN AS AT THE PALACE BAKERY.

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House and Furniture for Sale.  
A TWO-STORY DWELLING, TOGETHER WITH all the household furniture, will be sold cheap. Inquire of Mrs. Grippe, First St.

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THE FIRST CANDY FACTORY IN T. Reno. Fresh candy every hour. Get prices of small quantities by the barrel. Wholesale prices same as San Francisco. C. J. BROOKS.

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WINNOWER WEIGHTS, ALWAYS ON hand and for sale at the Union Iron Works.

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SOCIETY MEETING

Reno Chapter No. 7, R. A. M.  
THE STATED CONVENTIONS OF RENO Chapter No. 7, R. A. M., are held at Masonic Hall on the evenings of the first Monday of each month, commencing at 8 o'clock sharp. All sojourning companions in good standing are fraternally invited to attend. By order of the R. H. P. L. L. CROCKETT, Secretary.

## L. O. F.

RENO LODGE NO. 19, L. O. F., meets at their hall on Chestnut street, over the Congressional Club. The meetings are at 8 o'clock. Visiting members in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

BENTON PECK, N. G.  
ALEX. BACKUS, Secretary.

RENO Chapter No. 7, R. A. M.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP NOW AND THEN signed, under the firm name and style of S. FRANCOWICH & CO., in Reno, Nev. this day of January, 1879. Mr. Francowich and Mr. Gregory retiring and Mr. Francowich assuming and continuing the business, assuming all the debts of the firm, and acquiring all accounts due the firm.

J. S. GREGORY.

SPERO FRANCOWICH.

RENO, Feb. 14, 1879.

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